

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY, Sept. 4.—6 P. M.

The following is a comparative statement of the exports (exclusive of "specie") from New York to foreign ports for the week and since January 1:

	1859.	1860.	Per cent.
For the week,	\$1,018,421	1,462,160	43.47
Prev. weekly rep'd.	42,409,577	42,881,826	10.48
Total.	\$43,518,098	44,447,926	10,450,915

Included in the above are the following exports of breadstuffs to Great Britain:

	Wheat to Liverpool.	Flour to Liverpool.	Do. to London.
Wheat	3,054,497	93,773	36,741
Flour	1,000	41,426	1,000
Breadstuffs	1,000	1,000	1,000
Total.	3,056,497	95,199	37,741

The following are the last London quotations of American stocks, per Fulton:

	Aug. 27.	Sept. 2.
Capital stock.	\$1,000,000	11,780,750
Losage.	66,091,793	97,004,000
Specie.	4,765,846	16,711,917
Due from other bds.	1,419,711	1,000,124
To date of other bds.	8,131,171	8,180,826
Deposits.	15,713,200	15,222,769
Circulation.	2,820,000	2,820,024
Total.	\$21,018,421	56,903,458

Since Jan. 1. \$43,518,098 44,447,926 10,450,915

Included in the above are the following exports of breadstuffs to Great Britain:

	United States, red. 1874.	1875.
Virginia.	93	92
Do.	92	92
Hawaii Central & L. 1875.	92	92
Do. to Peasant.	92	92
Wheat.	92	92
Do. to Glasgow.	22,221	12,208
Wheat to Cork.	20,955	17,632
Wheat to Dublin.	17,632	14,494
Total.	36,741	35,781

The advices received to-day per Palestine, anouncing the prevalence of bad weather in France and the abolition of the import duties on breadstuffs, are calculated to stimulate the export movement still further. It may be hoped that the accounts which have reached us of the injury done to the grain crops on the Continent have been exaggerated. However a general crop failure in Europe might for the time benefit our grain growing interest, and those other interests which are connected with it, such as railroads and shipping, it could not but prove highly injurious to this country at large; it would be a matter to be deeply deplored, and a fit subject for general regret and sorrow. In the meanwhile, of course, it is safe to look for a very active movement in food of all kinds.

Money continues fairly active, without any difficulty in getting it at the recent advance. There are still some names which, on a 45 & 60 & 90 day bills, will pass below seven, and a few which go below 6%; but seven is generally the rate for first class endorsed. There is less mercantile paper of the higher grades afsoat than is usual at this season; prosperous as the country is, there is evidently not as much business doing as the banks and lenders would like.

The heavy losses which the dry goods and many of the groceries importers met with last season have had a salutary effect on their foreign orders this year. On call the brokers are borrowing, without difficulty, at seven. The receipts for duty to date were \$85,000; the total receipts at the Sub-Treasury, \$92,036; the payments, \$119,968; balance this evening, \$5,492,061.

The foreign exchange market continues inanimate, and it is more evident than it was yesterday that if the bankers want to sell for the Saturday packets they will have to reduce their rates. We hear also of very good commercial bills at 10% & 12%. The shipment on Saturday will depend on the number of calls for payment, but the receipts for duty to date were \$85,000; the total receipts at the Sub-Treasury, \$92,036; the payments, \$119,968; balance this evening, \$5,492,061.

The Chicago Press and Tribune of August 31 says:—

The supply of Eastern exchange is still scarcely equal to the demand, and the market is about 1% per cent lower than it was a month ago. The foreign customers at 1% per cent premium; but others charge 1 per cent, and large lots were sold on the street at the same figure. It is the general opinion, however, that the increase of shipments will bring down the rate of exchange to the close of the market. We subjoin approximate quotations:—Clear sterling bills, 10% & 11%; bank rates, 11% & 11 1/2%; bid of leading drafts, 10% & 10 1/2%; France, 12 & 12 1/2 per cent discount; Italy, 12 1/2%; Spain, 13 & 13 1/2 per cent discount; sight, par on 1/4 per cent premium.

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The Philadelphia Bulletin of Saturday evening thus notices the money market of that city:

There is a moderate demand for money on the street, but capital is abundant, and first class short paper is taken at 6 & 6 1/2 per cent, and names well or so invariably quoted at 7 1/2 to 8 per cent. The city treasury is entirely depleted, and the assessments are being taken by the sheriff's office, and the amount of taxes due is \$160,000 in warrants to the police and other departments issued to date, the most of which were sold on the street at these figures, netting a loss to the employees of the city of six to eight thousand dollars.

The earnings of the Troy and Boston Railroad for the month of July compares as follows:

	1860.	1860.	Increase.
April. (about)	3,000	3,000	
May.	22,011	26,845	5,834
June.	21,956	27,446	5,490
July.	24,981	30,410	5,429
Increase in four months.	\$17,570		

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Stock Exchange.

TUESDAY, Sept. 4, 1860.

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